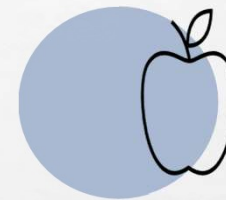


Improving soil health with cover crops: biodiversity indicators



- **STARTING POINT**
- **PROBLEMS**
- **CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES**
- **SOLUTIONS**
- **RESULTS**

Melhoria da saúde do solo
por culturas de
cobertura: indicadores de
biodiversidade em estudo



JH Luz - Sociedade Agro-pecuária, Lda	Sociedade Agrícola Herdade das Malhadinhas	Rumiagro Sociedade Unipessoal, Lda	

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- STARTING POINT
- PROBLEMS



Plant protection problems (pest & diseases)



Weeds



Soil erosion and compaction



Biodiversity loss

(...)

mai **S**olo

Horti **cover**



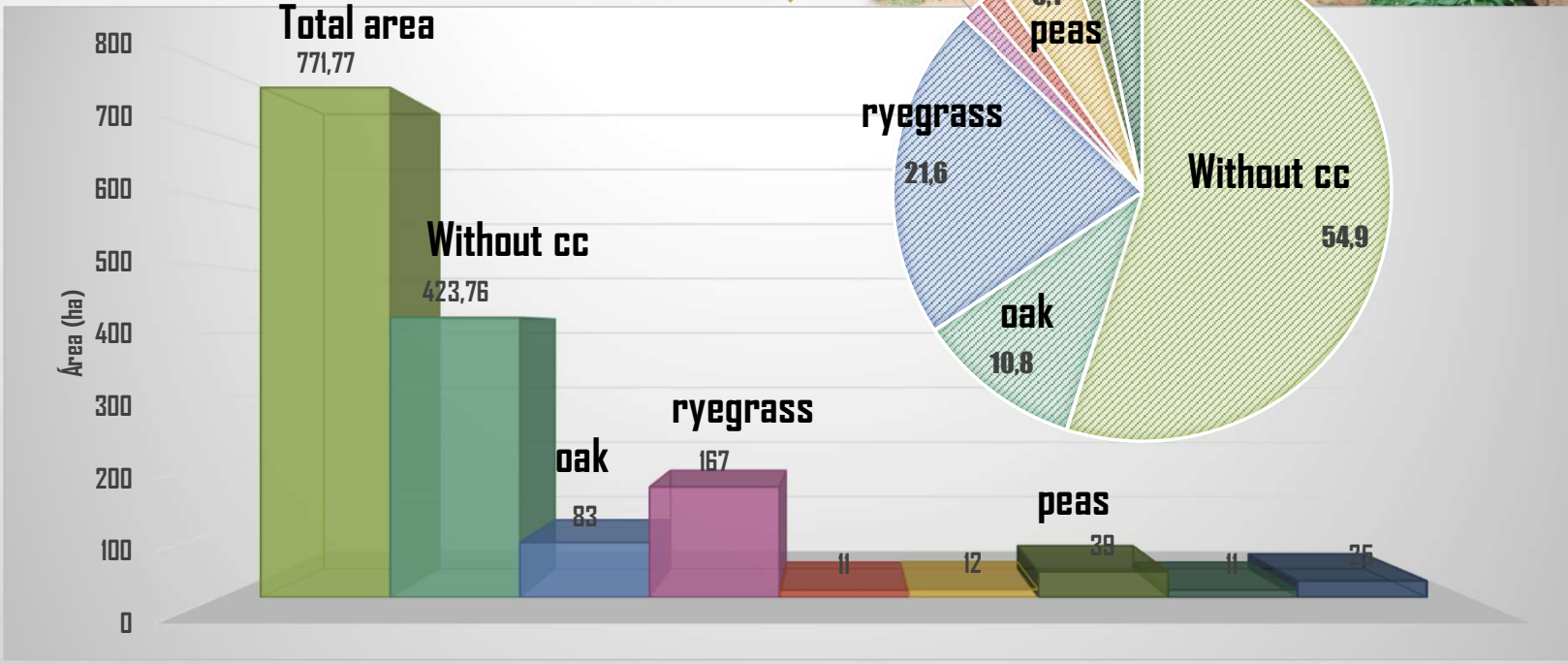
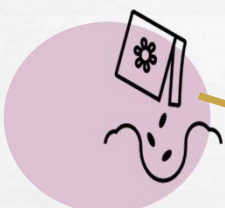
2016

2020

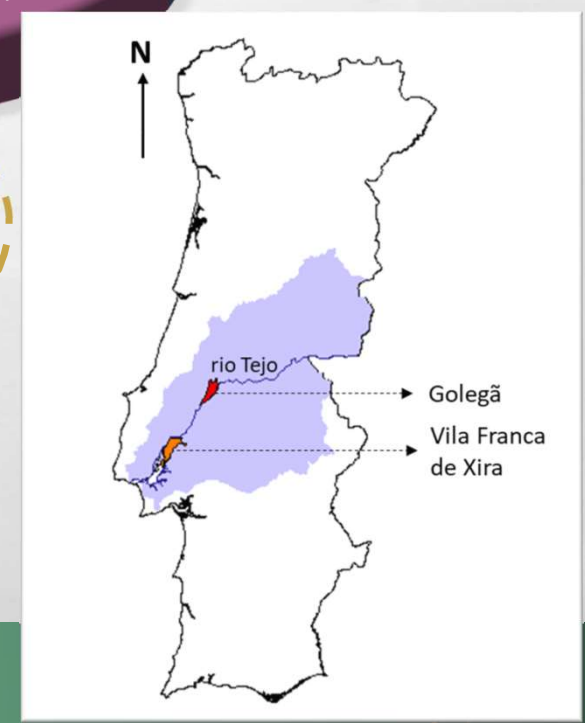
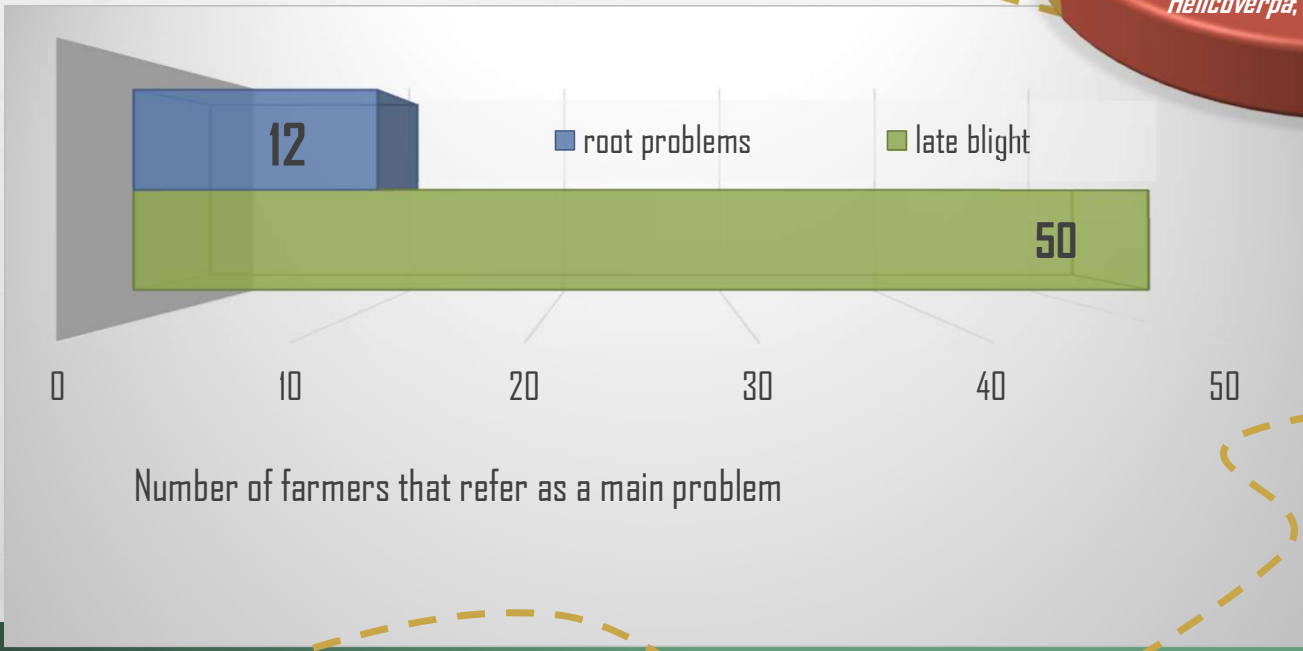
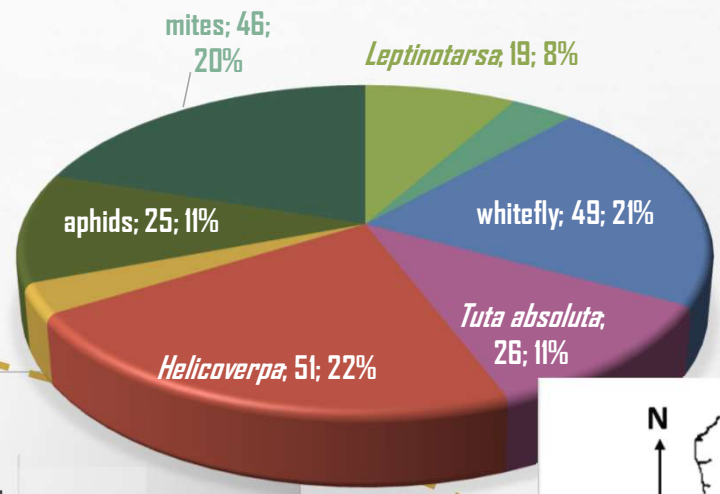
2022

2025





Source: survey GO MaiSolo 2018



Source: survey GO MaiSolo 2018



● **CHALLENGES & OPPORTUNITIES**

Contribute to sustainable production systems

Promote soil biodiversity

Create solutions for the climate change problematic

Enhance ecosystems resilience

Development of "site tailored" cover crops





SOLUTIONS

Living lab points



GOLEGÃ SJB
2CC
ANIMAL
FEED AND
GREEN
MANURE



RAPOSA
RUMIAGRO
2CC
ANIMAL
FEED



GOLEGÃ
CASAL
FREIRAS
1CC
ANIMAL FEED
AND GREEN
MANURE

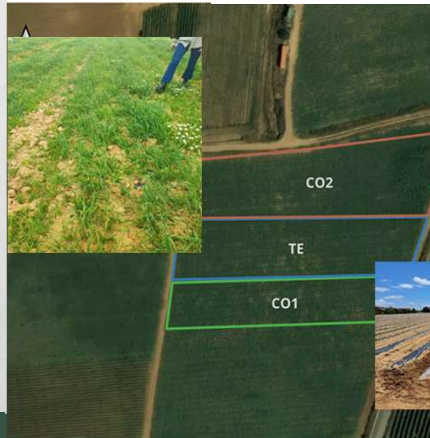
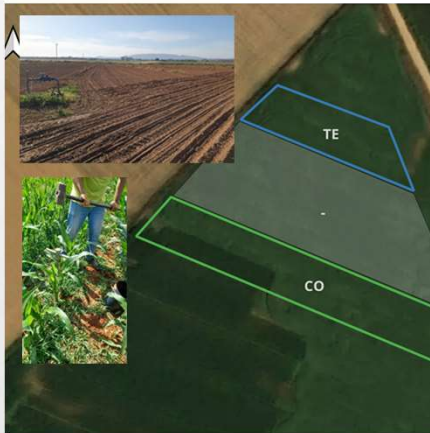


TVEDRAS
EMERGOSOL
1CC
GREEN
MANURE



BREJÃO
CAMPOTEC
3CC
GREEN MANURE
CRUCIFERAE &
PERMANENT
COVER IN THE
IRRIGATION LINE

Casal das Freiras



São João de Brito



Raposa



Why measure biodiversity in the soil?

Because it's "soil life" that ensures functions like the decomposition of OM; conversion, mobilization and easy absorption of nutrients by plants; Stabilization of soil aggregates and improvement of soil structure...

Because arthropods facilitate the degradation of organic matter and protect plants against pests and diseases, among other functions...

Because atmospherical nitrogen is fixed by root nodule bacteria and provided to host plants

Because there is improved absorption of nutrients by associations between plants and fungi - mycorrhizae

(...)



Bioindicators: case study

Knowing the state of the soil regarding its living component, gives us information about its productive capacity

SoiLife1st

PIT FALL

field



lab





Illustration by Henrique Santos

Staphylinidae

Carabidae

Arachnida: Opiliones

Collembola

Acari

The majority of staphylinids are generalist predators of pests recognized as important components of agroecosystems by the biological protection function

Mostly consisting of species with predatory habits. Important presence in habitats and areas of known sensitivity to changes and the function as beneficials

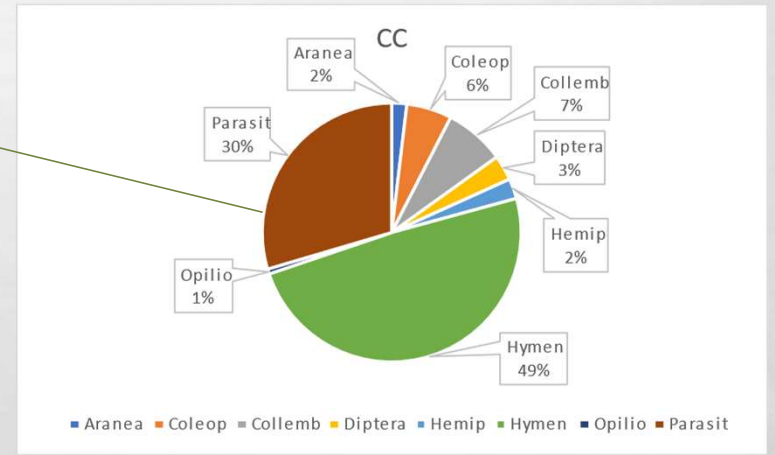
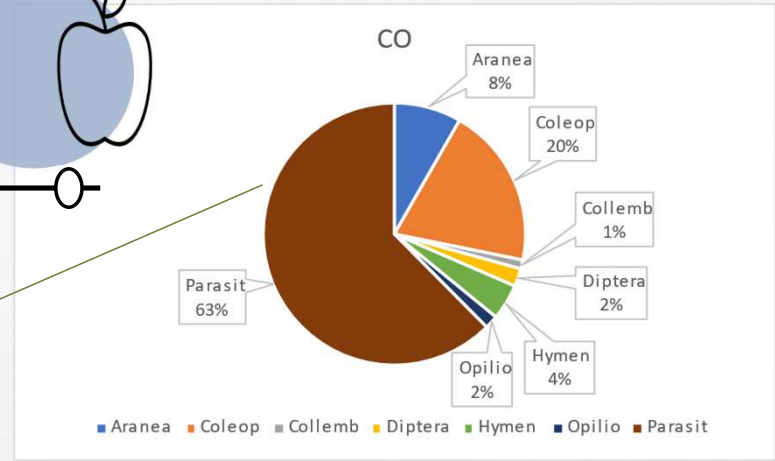
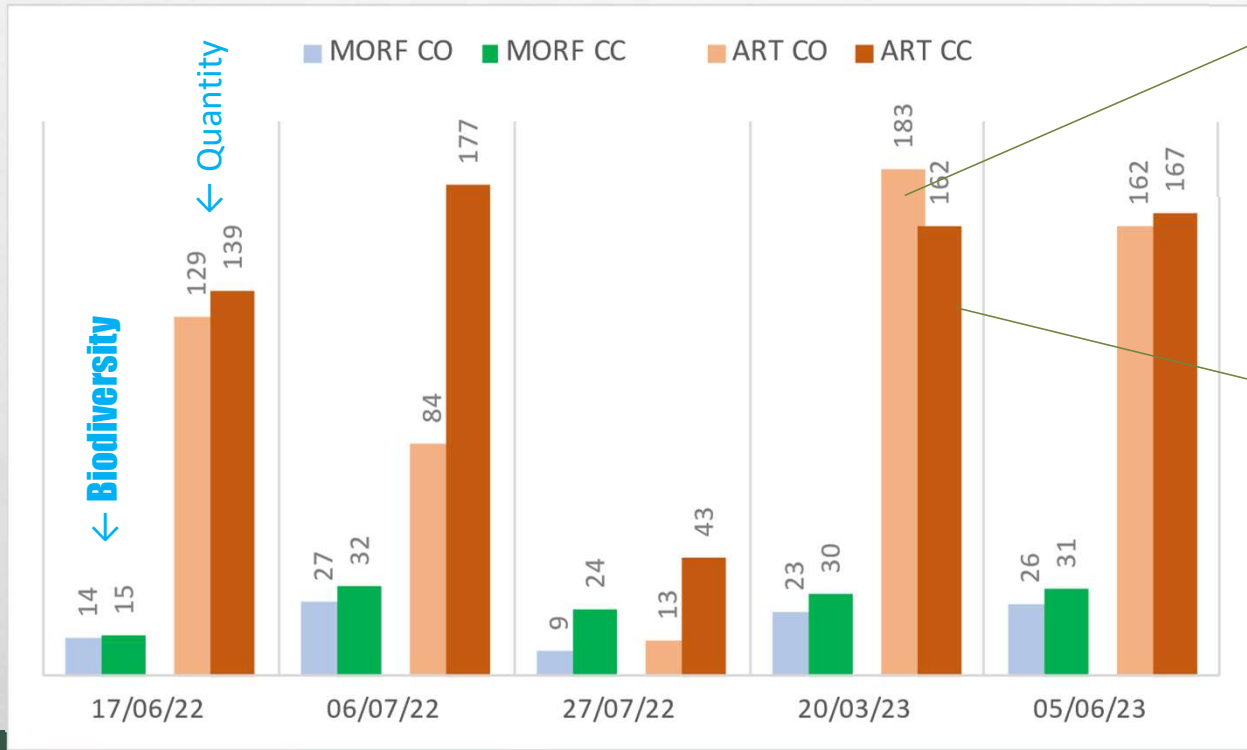
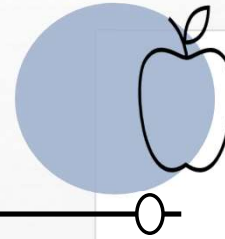
They are arachnids with large eating habits. They can predate on pests and can be decomposers aiding in nutrient recycling

One of its functions is to regulate fungi populations, interfering in their dispersion and having a positive role in the relationships of mycorrhizae and in the control of soil microbial communities. Most soil predatory organisms feed on collembola, and many species of coleoptera, hymenoptera and many predatory mites have specialized in their predation, being key elements in the food chains.

They are one of the most abundant groups of soil invertebrates. They influence the decomposition of organic matter and the dynamics of nutrients. They can be predators and are abundant in disturbed areas because they have a high reproductive potential

● RESULTS

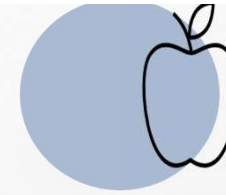
ARTHROPODS DIVERSITY



Total number of Arthropods [ART] and morphotypes [MORF] by sampling period and plot (Control [CO]; cover crop [CC]). **Chamusca 2022 e 2023**

Arthropod distribution by taxonomic order, in the sampling period of 20/03/2023: a) control plot [CO], b) cover crop plot [CC].

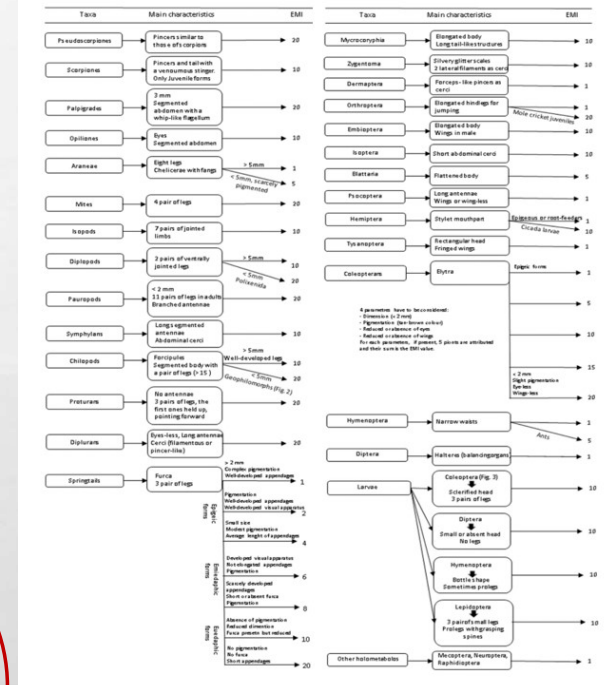
ARTHROPODS DIVERSITY: QBS - ar



RESULTS

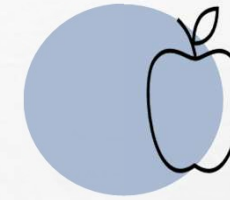
EMI values and QBS-ar indexes by sampling periods.

	2022								2023					
	Cover Crop		Main Crop						Cover Crop		Main Crop			
	16/02		17/06		06/07		27/07		01/02		05/06		24/07	
	CC	CO	CC	CO	CC	CO	CC	CO	CC	CO	CC	CO	CC	CO
Acari	20	20	20	20	20		20		20	20	20	20	20	20
Araneae		5												
Collembola	10	2	10	4	10		10	10	8	20	10	20	10	
Coleoptera	5				5	10	1							
Diptera			1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
Hemiptera		1			1	1		1						
Himenoptera					1	5								
Lepidoptera					1	1								
Neuroptera						1								
Symphyla													20	
Larvae:														
Coleoptera	10		10											
Diptera								10						
Others							10	10				10		
QBS	45	28	41	25	39	19	42	22	41	28	40	30	70	30



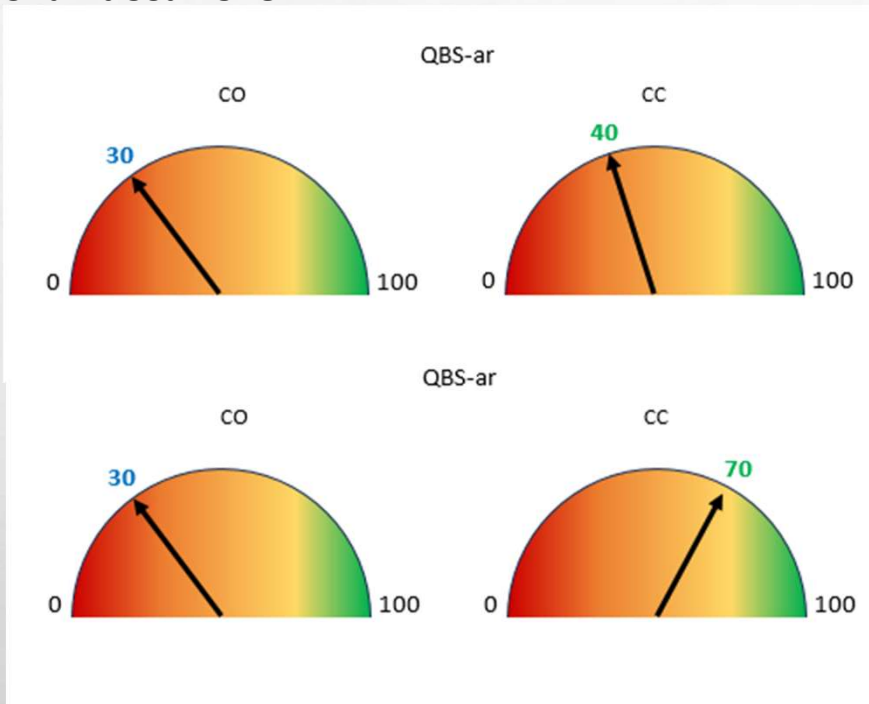
QBS-ar average for high quality soils: 93,7

ARTHROPODS DIVERSITY: QBS - ar



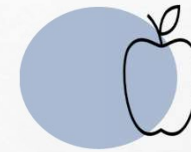
Chamusca 2023

● RESULTS



05.06.2023

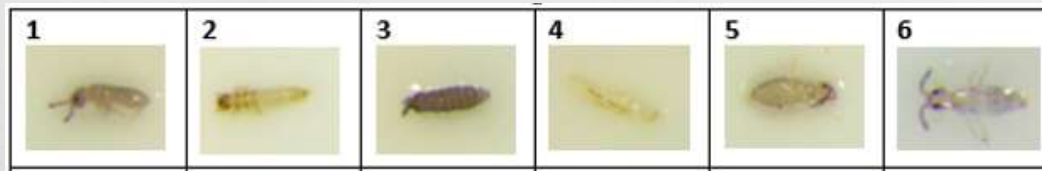
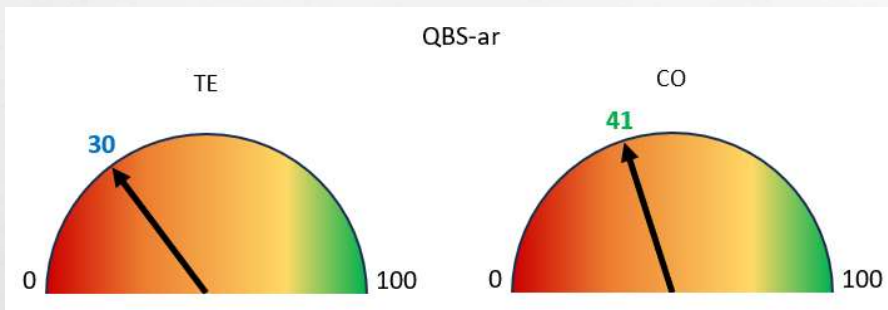
24.07.2023



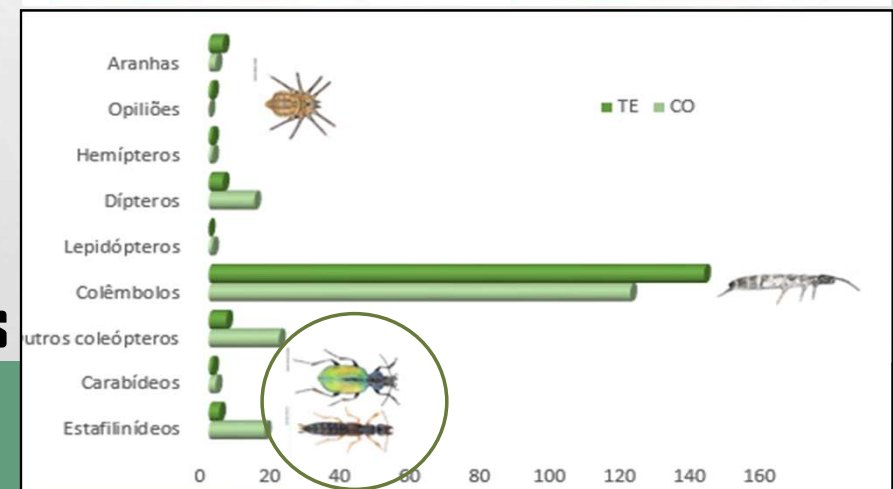
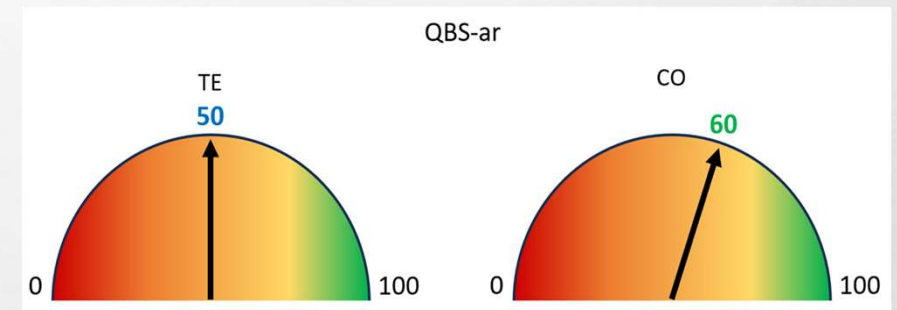
● RESULTS

ARTHROPODS DIVERSITY: QBS - ar

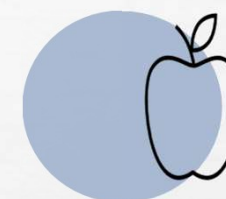
S. João Brito, Golegã 2023



Brejão 2023

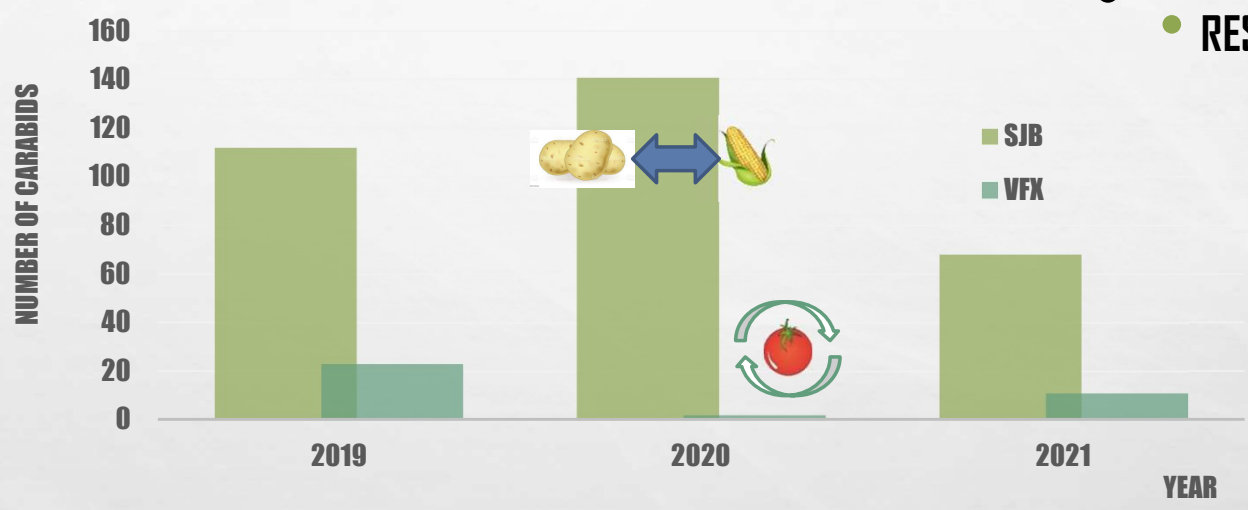


ARTHROPODS DIVERSITY: pitfall traps



CARABIDS

● RESULTS



271 carabids from 16 genera were sampled during the three-year study (2019-2021)

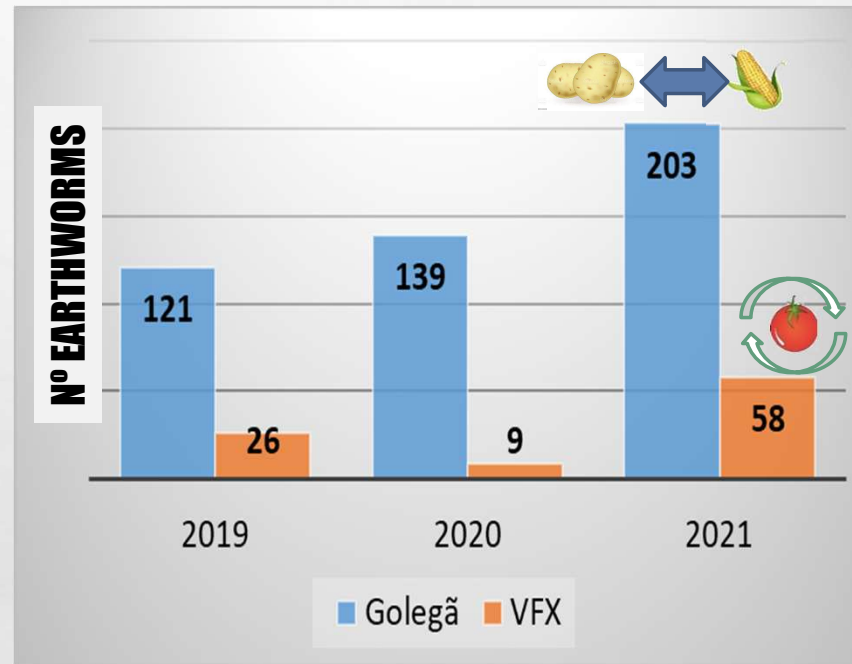
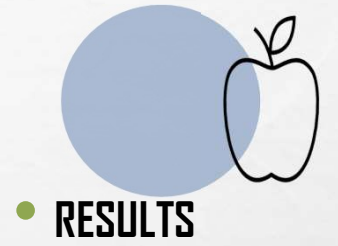
SJB the abundance was approximately 89% relative to the total carabids

In 2019, 2020, 2021, carabids captured in SJB field represented 83.0%, 98.6%, 91.9%, respectively

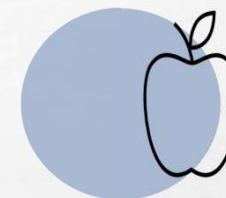




EARTHWORMS

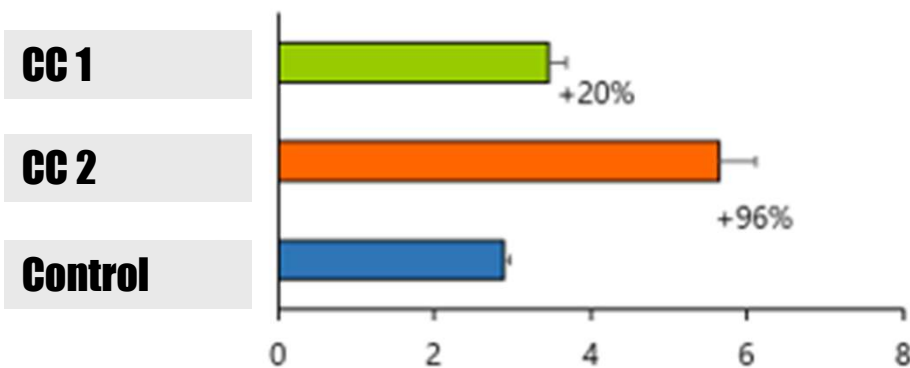


INIAV TEAM



Microbioma – soil enzymes

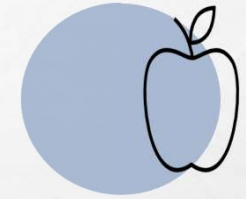
● RESULTS



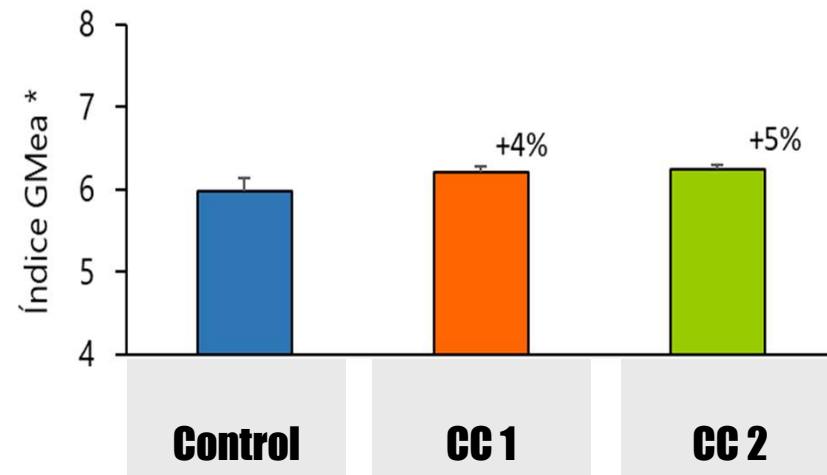
TEI – Total enzyme activity index based on dehydrogenase, alkaline phosphatase, beta-glucosidase and aryl-sulfatase activities



● RESULTS

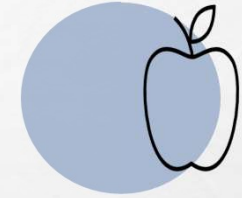


Microbioma – bacteria and fungi

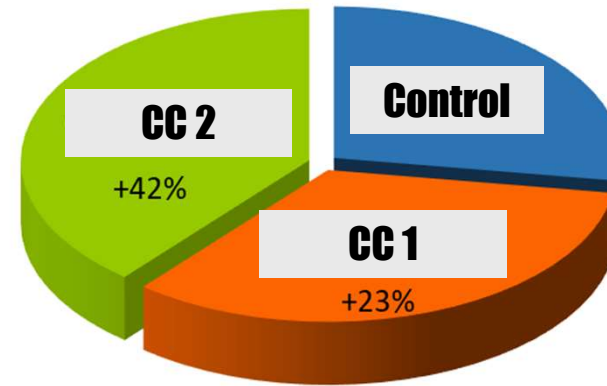


* Geometric mean of bacteria and fungi abundance

● RESULTS



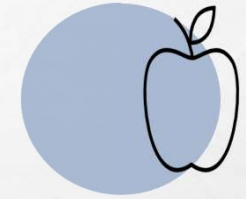
Microbioma – fungi – genus abundance



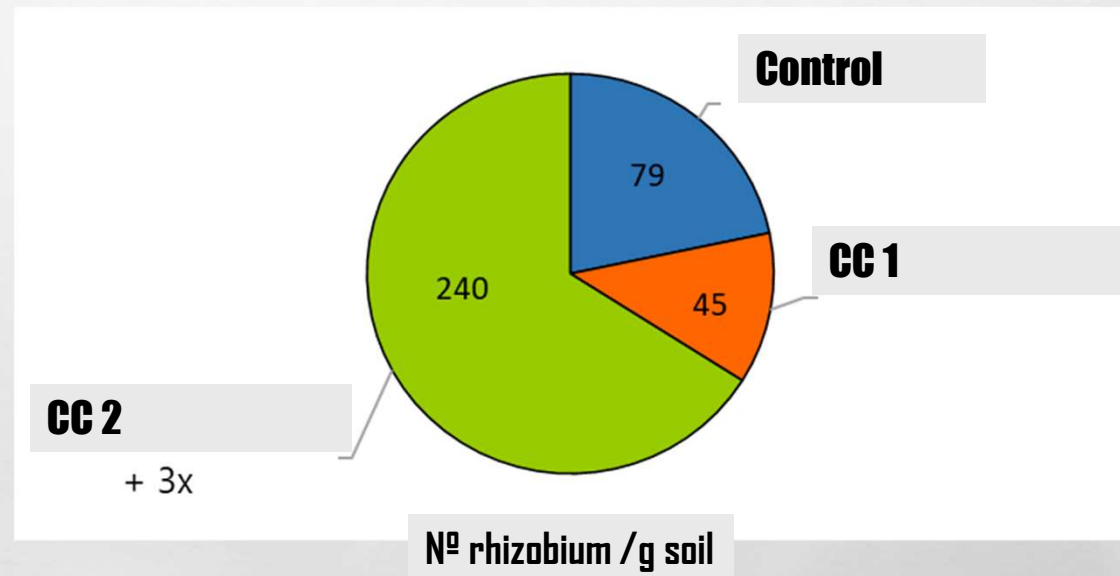
Shannon Index
(genera with abundance $>10^4$ colony forming units/g soil)



● RESULTS

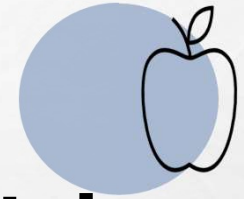


Microbioma – Rhizobium bacteria

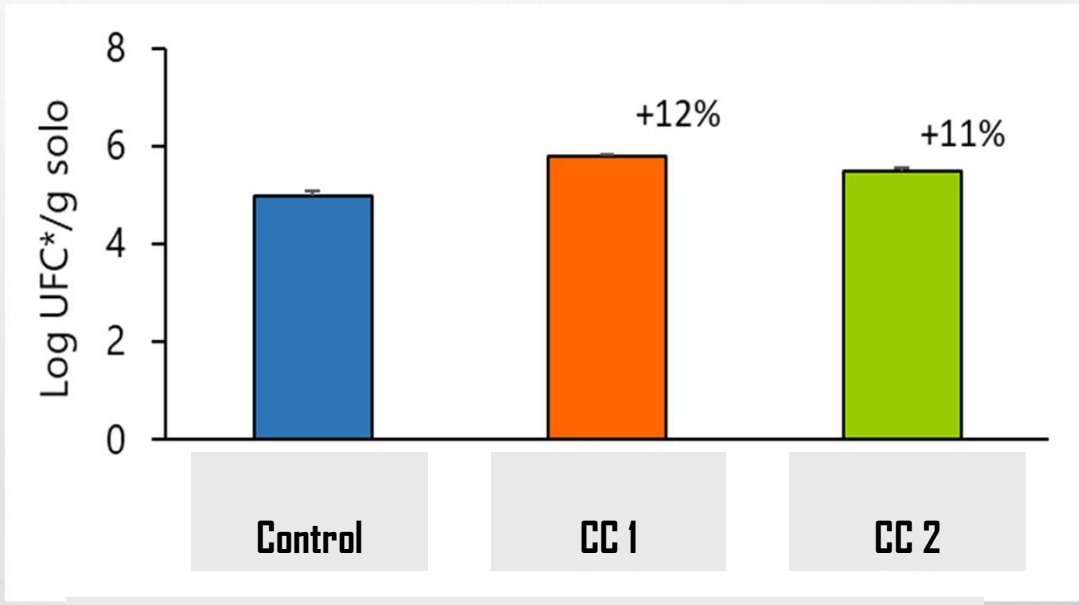




● RESULTS



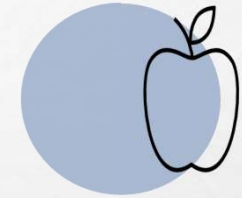
Microbioma – phosphate-solubilizing bacteria



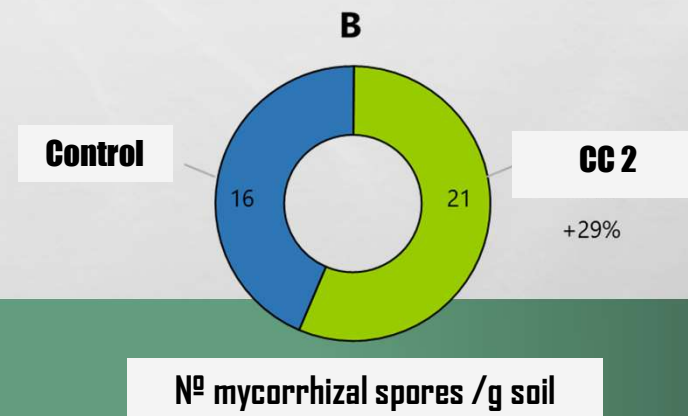
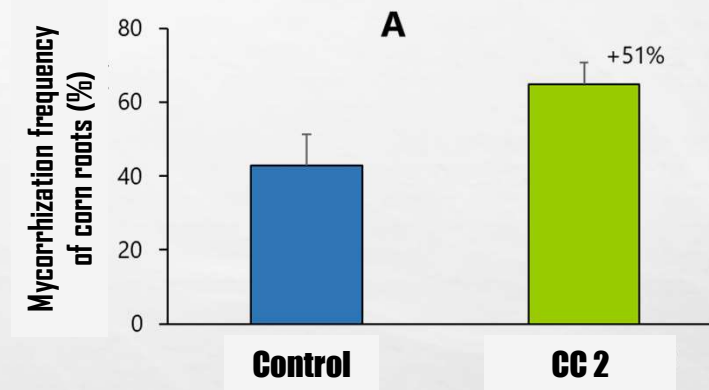
* Colony forming units



● RESULTS



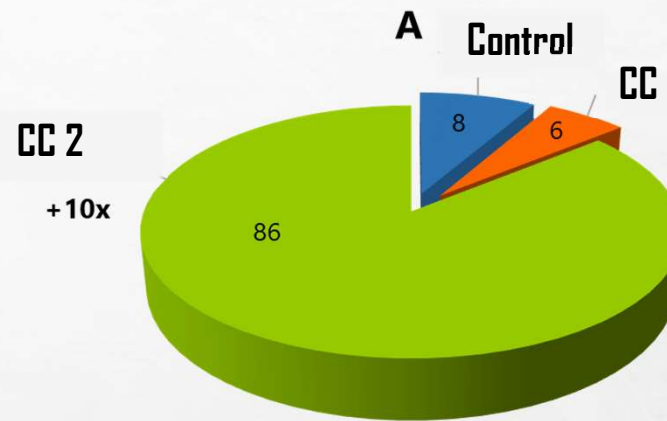
Microbiome – endomycorrhizae



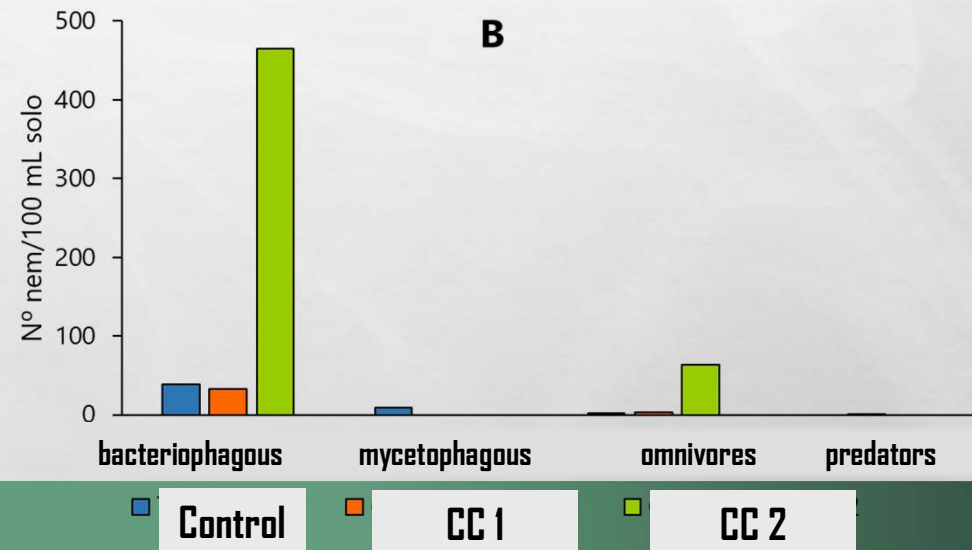


0 RESULTS

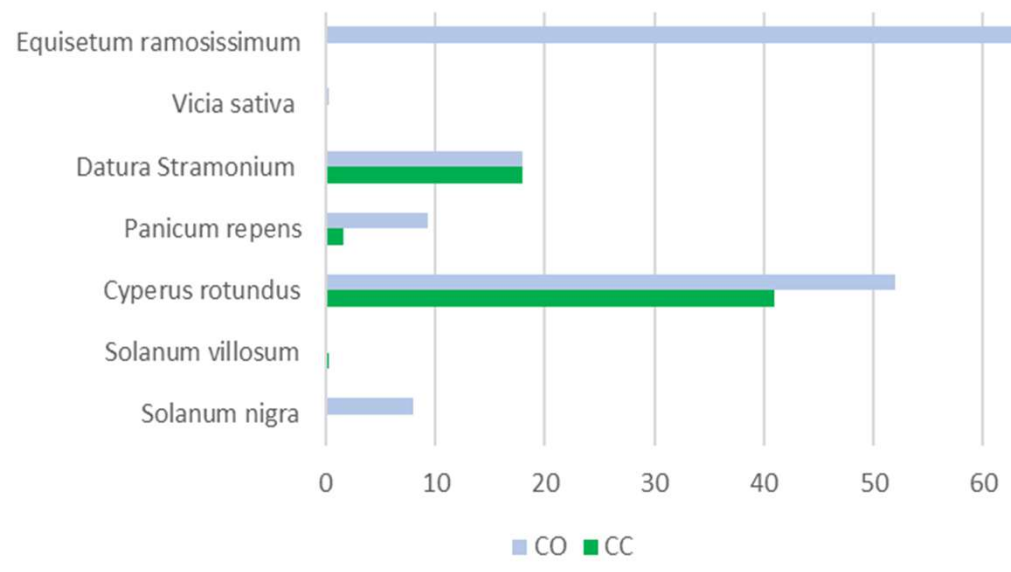
Nematodes



Relative proportion of nematodes on soil samples



Weed Coverage - 2023 (pre-harvest)



Weed coverage (pre-harvest) – 2023



BiodiversiTY



NutrientS

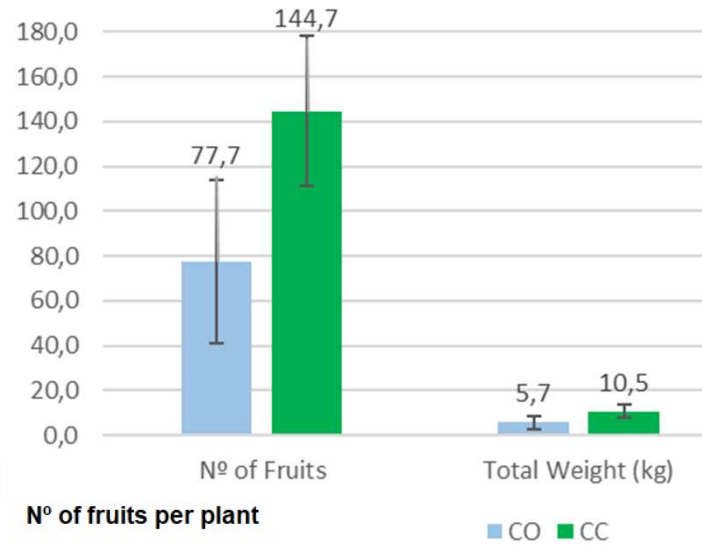


CarbON

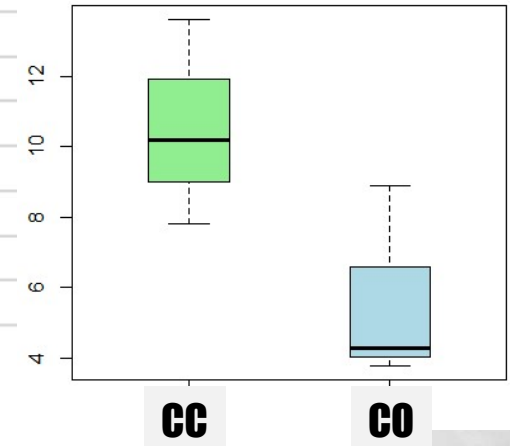


"WeeDS"

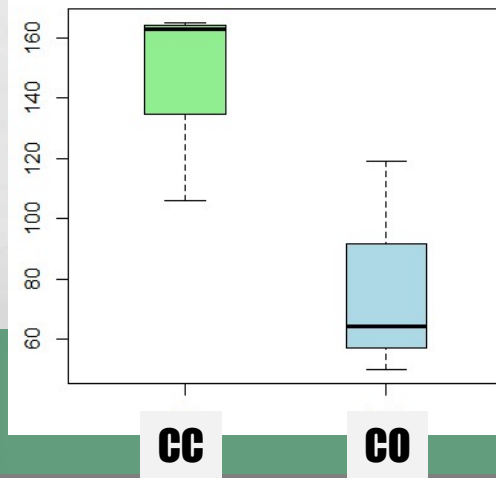
Production Evaluation 2023 (pre harvest)

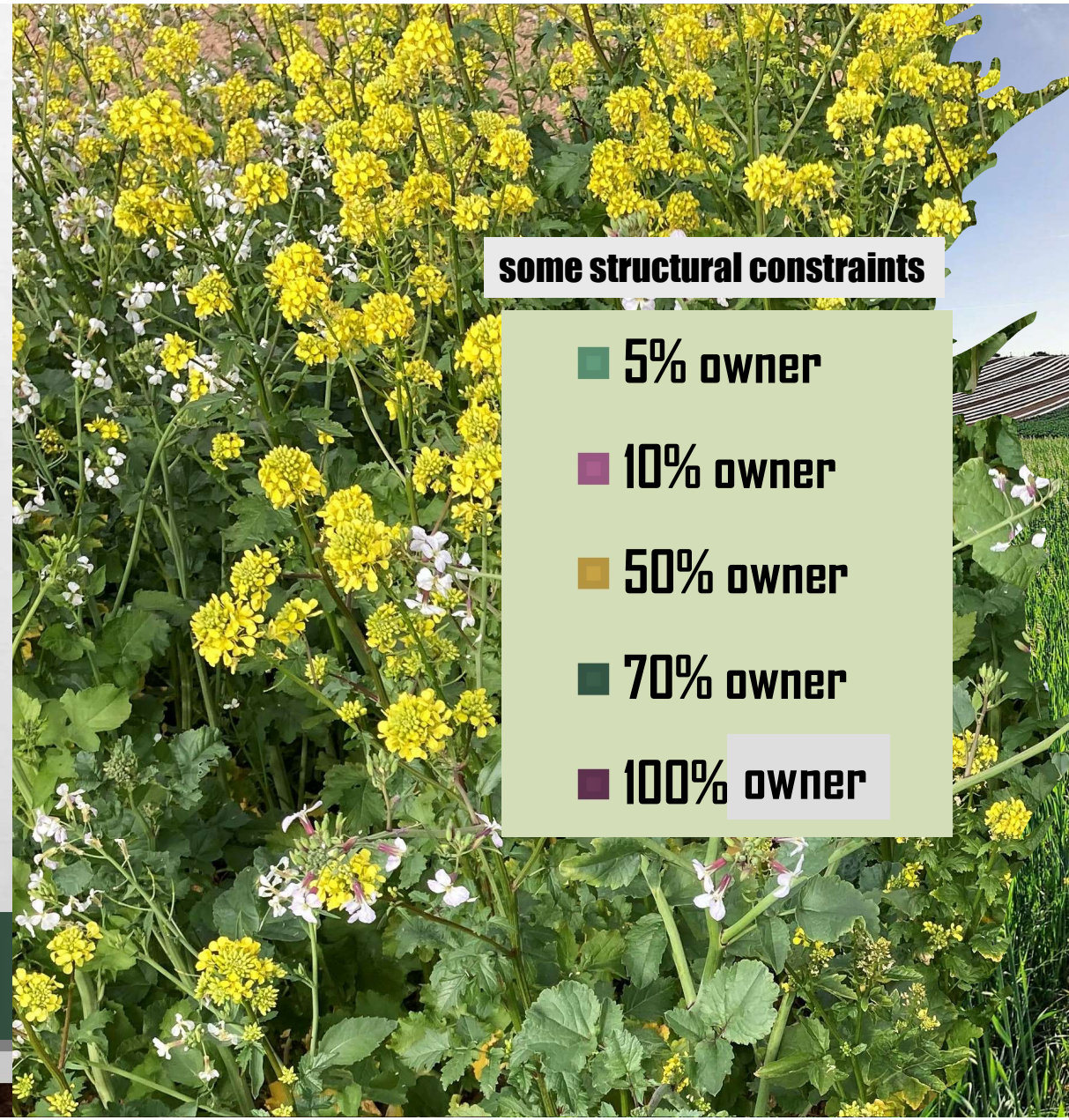


Total weight of fruits per plant (Kg)



Nº of fruits per plant



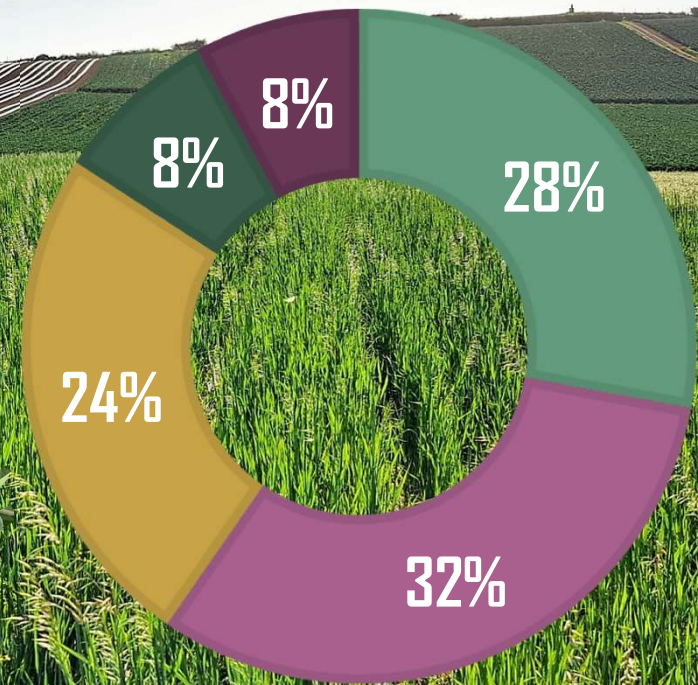


some structural constraints

- 5% owner
- 10% owner
- 50% owner
- 70% owner
- 100% owner



- CONSTRAINTS
- LANDOWNERS....
- (...)



Survey 2018, GO MaisSolo

MEET the TEAM

ESAS

FERTIPRADO

INIAV



Maria da



Ana Barr



Paula Fareleira



Isabel V. Castro



Lurdes Inácio



Adélia Varela



Pablo Pereira



Cardoso



Alexandre Oliveira



Anton Denysov



e outros produtores e técnicos

**João freire
Mário Romão
Rodrigo Vinagre
Emanuel Antunes
Renato Gouveia
(...)**



OBRIGADA THANK YOU

- **MARIA DO CÉU GODINHO**
- **MARIA.GODINHO@ESA.IPSANTAREM.PT**